

## Surface and Atmosphere Fluxes

Surface and Atmospheric Radiation Budget (SARB)  
"CRS" bubble in CERES processing

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Comparing Computed TOA to NEW "VIRS200+" ADMs

TRMM-wide run 1 May 98 using Loeb's ADM module

Exercises to Tighten Tuning

Single orbits for 1 May 98 using old "VIRS12" ADMs

Subset Run Compared with Surface Data [David A. Rutan presents]

Subset to validation regions

Full months of May, July, August 98 with old "VIRS12" ADMs

"CAVE" ground data at [www-cave.larc.nasa.gov/cave/](http://www-cave.larc.nasa.gov/cave/)

## Input

$T(z)$ ,  $H_2O(z)$  ECMWF

$O_3(z)$  SBUV-HIRS (SMOBA - Yang and Miller)

Clouds VIRS (Minnis Cloud WG)

Area, height, optical depth

Particle size and phase

Estimate of geometrical thickness

Aerosol optical VIRS (Stowe) for some clear ocean

thickness (AOT) 6-hourly Collins-Rasch assimilation (AVHRR+NCEP+model)

OPAC-GADS optical properties guided by assimilation

Fixed estimates of scale heights

Input: details on aerosols

Collins-Rasch assimilation	CERES aerosol type	scale height
dust (0.01-1.0 um)	dust (0.5 um) Tegen-Lacis	2 km
dust (1-10 um)	dust (2.0 um) Tegen-Lacis	1 km
dust (10-20 um)	dust (2.0 um) Tegen-Lacis	1 km
dust (20-50 um)	dust (2.0 um) Tegen-Lacis	1 km
hydrophilic black carbon	soot (OPAC)	5 km *
hydrophobic black carbon	soot (OPAC)	5 km *
hydrophilic organic carbon	soluble organic (OPAC)	5 km *
hydrophobic organic carbon	insoluble organic (OPAC)	5 km *
sulfate	sulfate (OPAC)	5 km *
sea salt	sea salt (OPAC)	0.5 km

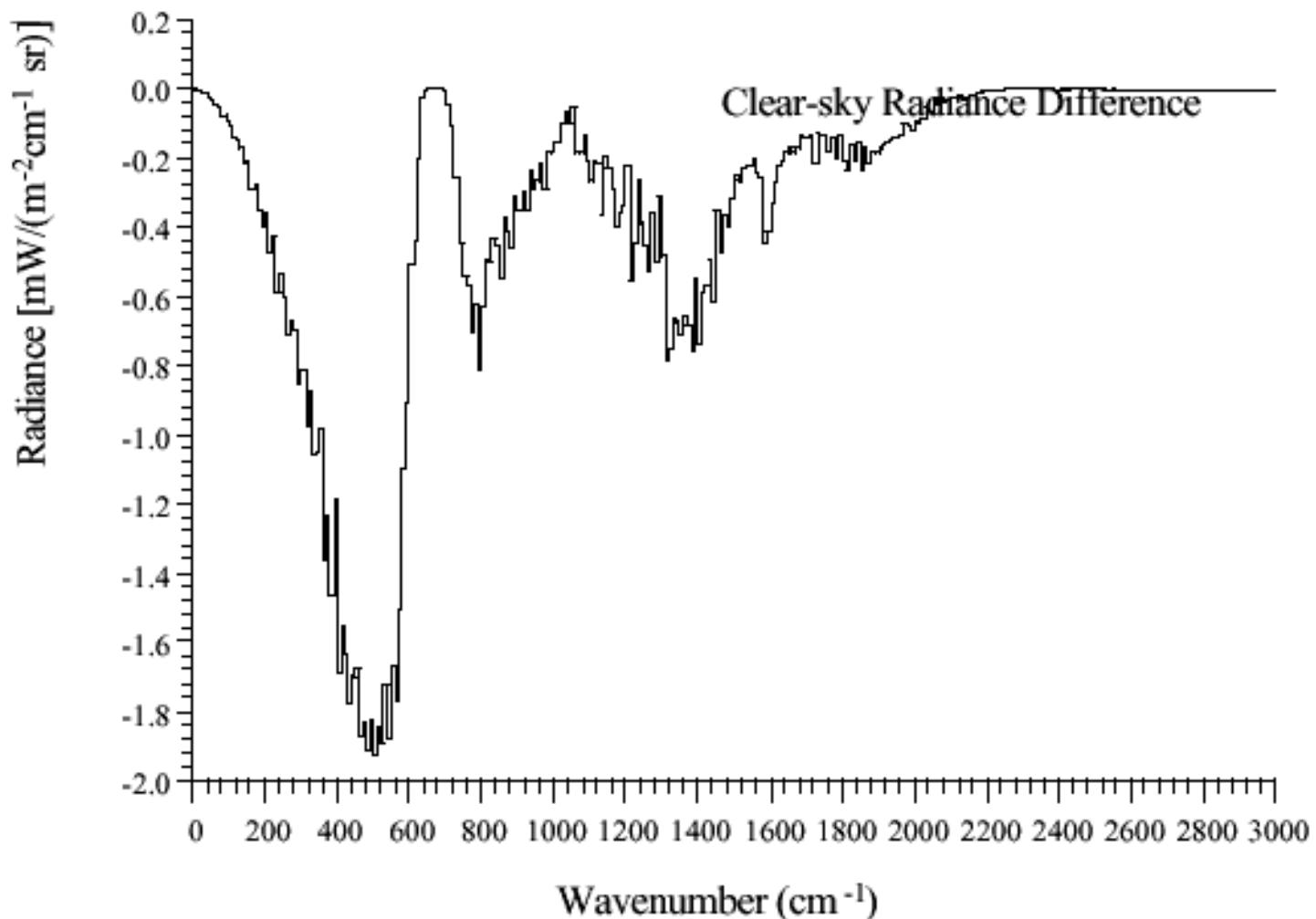
\* sorry,  
we goofed

VIRS aerosol optical depth is apportioned with assimilation  
(fractionate to dust, sulfate, etc., as per Collins-Rasch)

## Radiative Transfer Computation

Basic code	Fu-Liou (1993) LW scattering included CO <sub>2</sub> , H <sub>2</sub> O, CH <sub>4</sub> , N <sub>2</sub> O, O <sub>3</sub> Hexagonal ice crystals 2-stream SW 2/4 stream LW (Fu et al., 1998) ---- LW cut off at 2200 cm <sup>-1</sup>
LW changes	Radiance output for LW broadband and window 8-12 um window (Kratz and Rose) CKD 2.1 (Clough) LW continuum ---- Dated, but is CKD 2.4 better? CFCs
SW changes	Overlap of Rayleigh, O <sub>3</sub> for 0.2-0.7 um Absorption by CO <sub>2</sub> , O <sub>2</sub> , visible H <sub>2</sub> O Estimate effect of SW > 4 um Gamma distribution water clouds (Hu-Stamnes)
Ocean optics	Hu-Cox-Munk (wind, SZA, foam) ---- Soon Z. Jin with SeaWiFS chlorophyll.
Aerosol optics	d'Almeida et al Tegen and Lacis mineral dust OPAC-GADS (Hess, Koepke)

### Case 1 - Case 2 Upwelling Radiance at 102.0 km



Case 1 = TRP      Case 2 = TRP -20% H<sub>2</sub>O above 600 hPa

Constrainment - tuning to approach CERES observations

A priori uncertainty ("sigma") for each adjustable parameter

CERES TOA all footprints	Sigma	Minimum	Adjustable parameter
	5.0 %	2.0 Wm-2	reflected SW flux
	2.0 %	2.0 Wm-2	broadband LW flux
	1.0 %	1.0 Wm-2	window WN flux
	1.0 %	0.3 Wm-2 sr-1	broadband LW radiance
	1.0 %	0.3 Wm-2 sr-1	filtered window radiance

Cloudy footprints	Sigma	Adjustable parameter
	0.15	$\ln(\tau)$ $\tau$ =optical depth
	2.0	cloud top temperature
	0.05	total cloud fraction in footprint
	0.025	fraction swap of 2 types in footprint (i.e., increase $C_u$ and decrease $C_i$ )

Clear footprints	Ocean	Land	Adjustable parameter
	1.0 K	4.0 K	surface skin temperature
	0.15	0.10	$\ln(PW)$ PW: surface to 500 hPa
	0.15	0.10	$\ln(UTH)$ upper tropos. humidity
	0.002	0.015	surface albedo
	0.50	0.10	$\ln(\tau)$ aerosol optical depth

Output (SARB)

All footprints	Constrained fluxes for SW, LW, WN @ surface, 500- 200-70 hPa, TOA Untuned clear SW, LW, WN fluxes @ surface, TOA Untuned pristine SW, LW, WN fluxes @ surface, TOA
Cloudy	Adjusted cloud area, height, and IWP/LWP
Clear	Adjusted surface albedo, aerosol AOT, skin temperature, PW, and UTH

# Comparing Untuned Computed TOA to NEW "VIRS200+" ADMs

Reflected SW (Wm-2)

TRMM-wide run 1 May 98 using Loeb's ADM module

Fu-Liou code is not constrained

Old ADM

Clear ocean SW (old)		N=142059
	mean	std dev
Old ADM	71.4	13.3
Fu-Liou	79.9	14.5
x-y	-8.5	9.9
rms		13.1

New ADM

Clear ocean SW (new)		N=142059
	mean	std dev
New ADM	76.5	12.0
Fu-Liou	79.9	14.5
x-y	-3.4	9.2
rms		9.8

All sky SW (old)

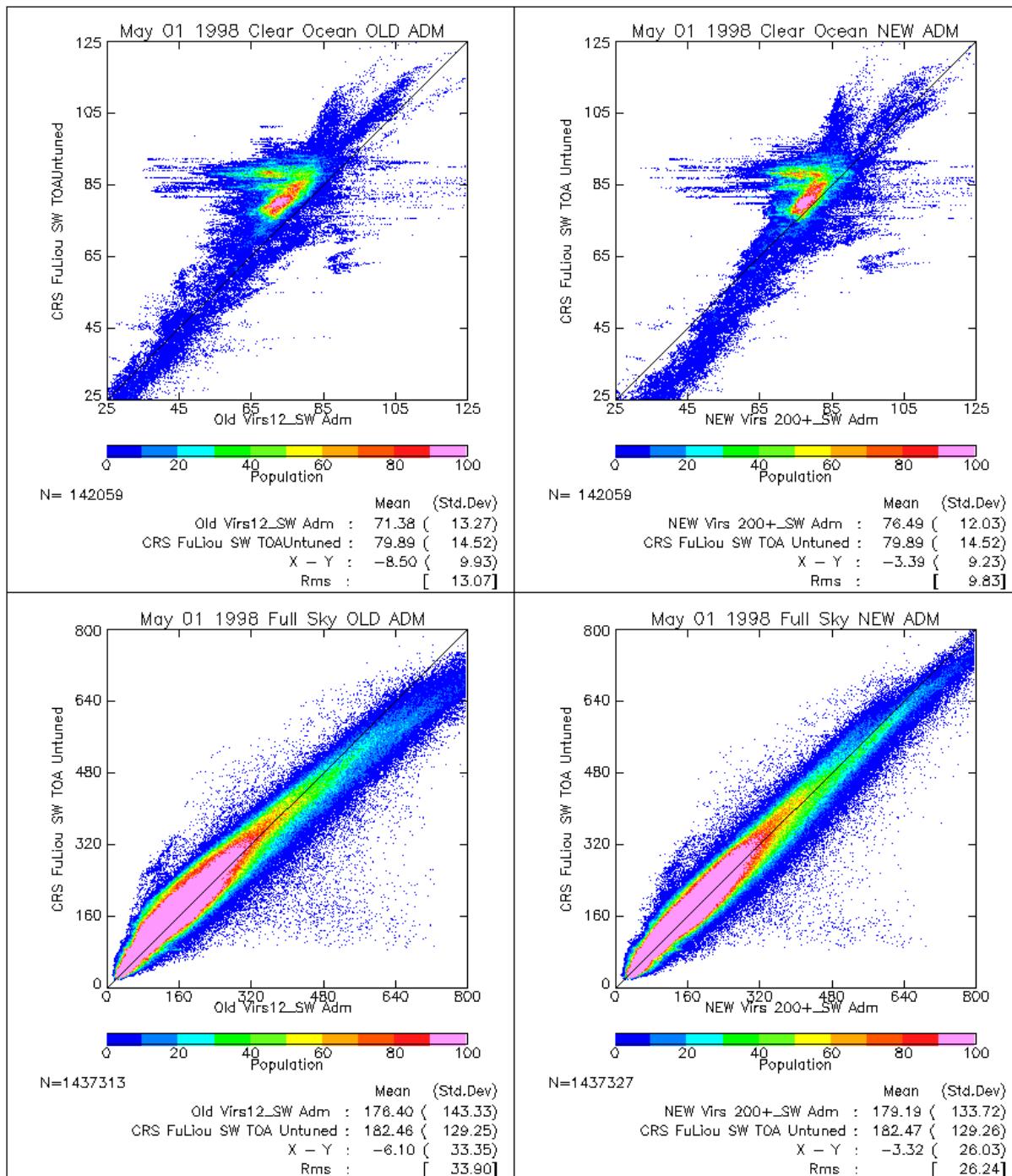
N=143731

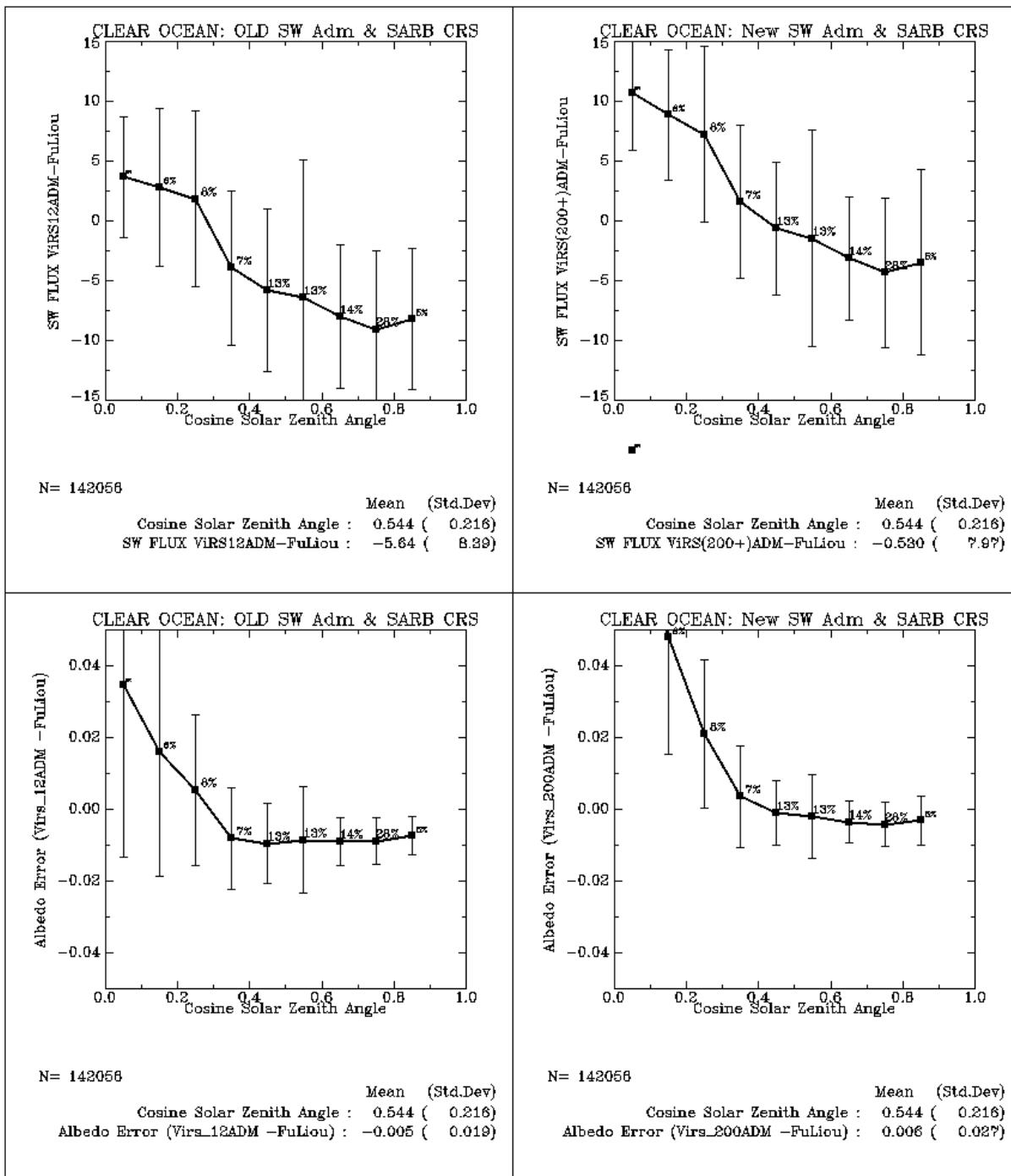
	mean	std dev
Old ADM	176.4	143.3
Fu-Liou	182.5	129.2
x-y	-6.1	33.4
rms		33.9

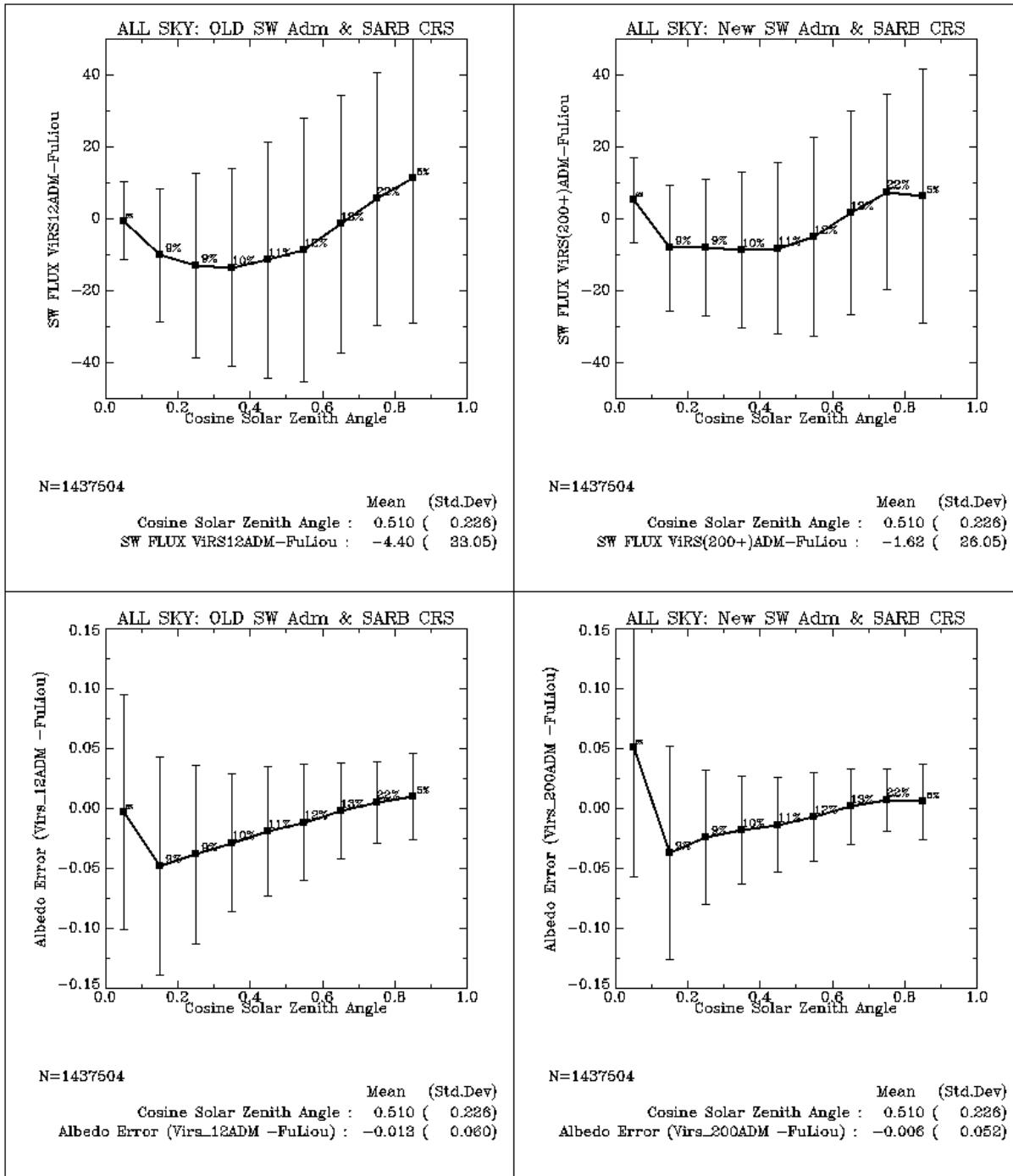
All sky SW (new)

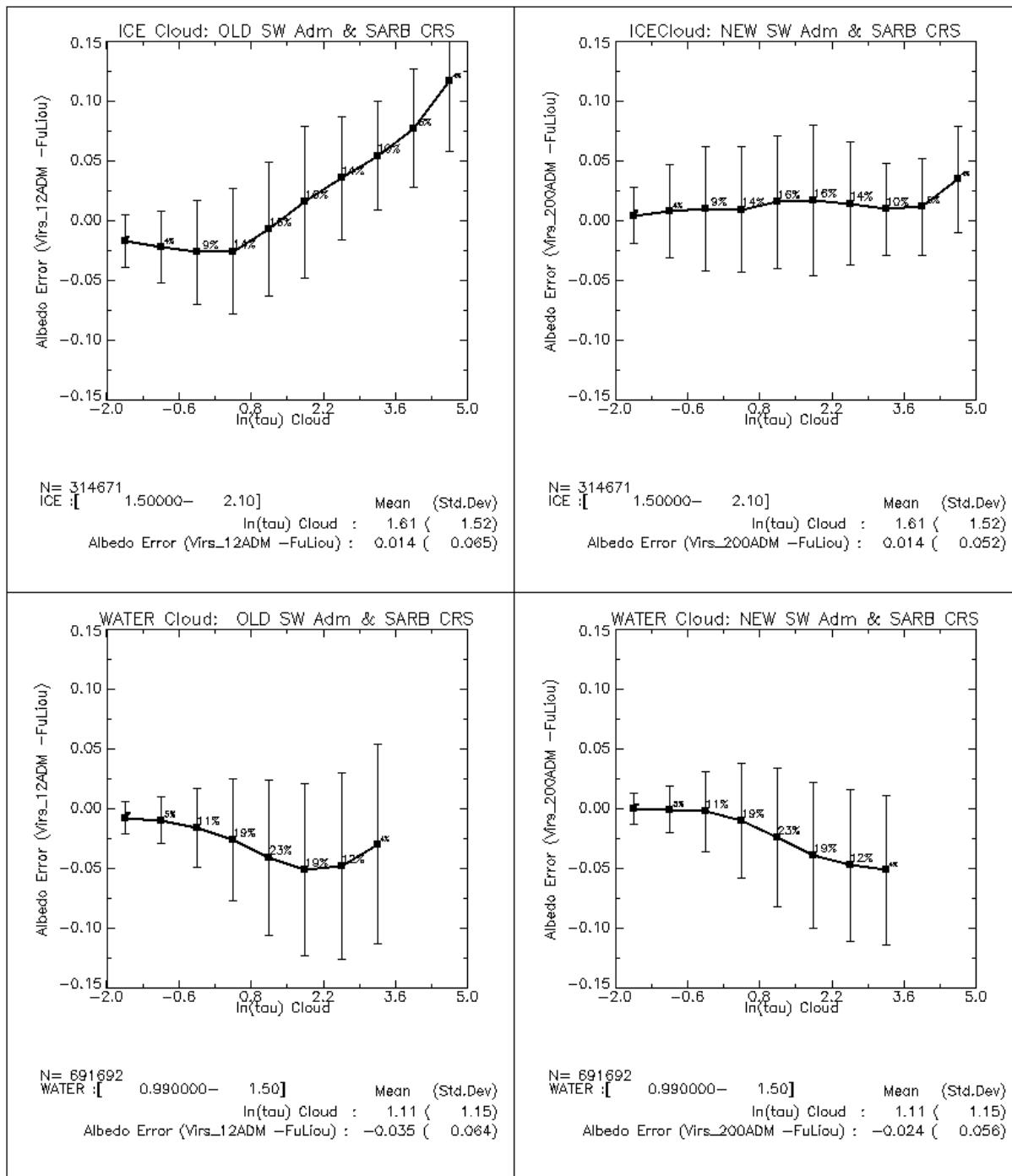
N=1437327

	mean	std dev
New ADM	179.2	133.7
Fu-Liou	182.5	129.3
x-y	-3.3	26.0
rms		26.2









## Exercises to Tighten Tuning

Single orbits for 1 May 98 using "VIRS12" ADMs

Earlier tuning stressed radiance for LW, WN and flux for SW

Energy balance emphasizes broadband SW and LW flux

Play with sigmas (uncertainties) of CERES TOA parameters

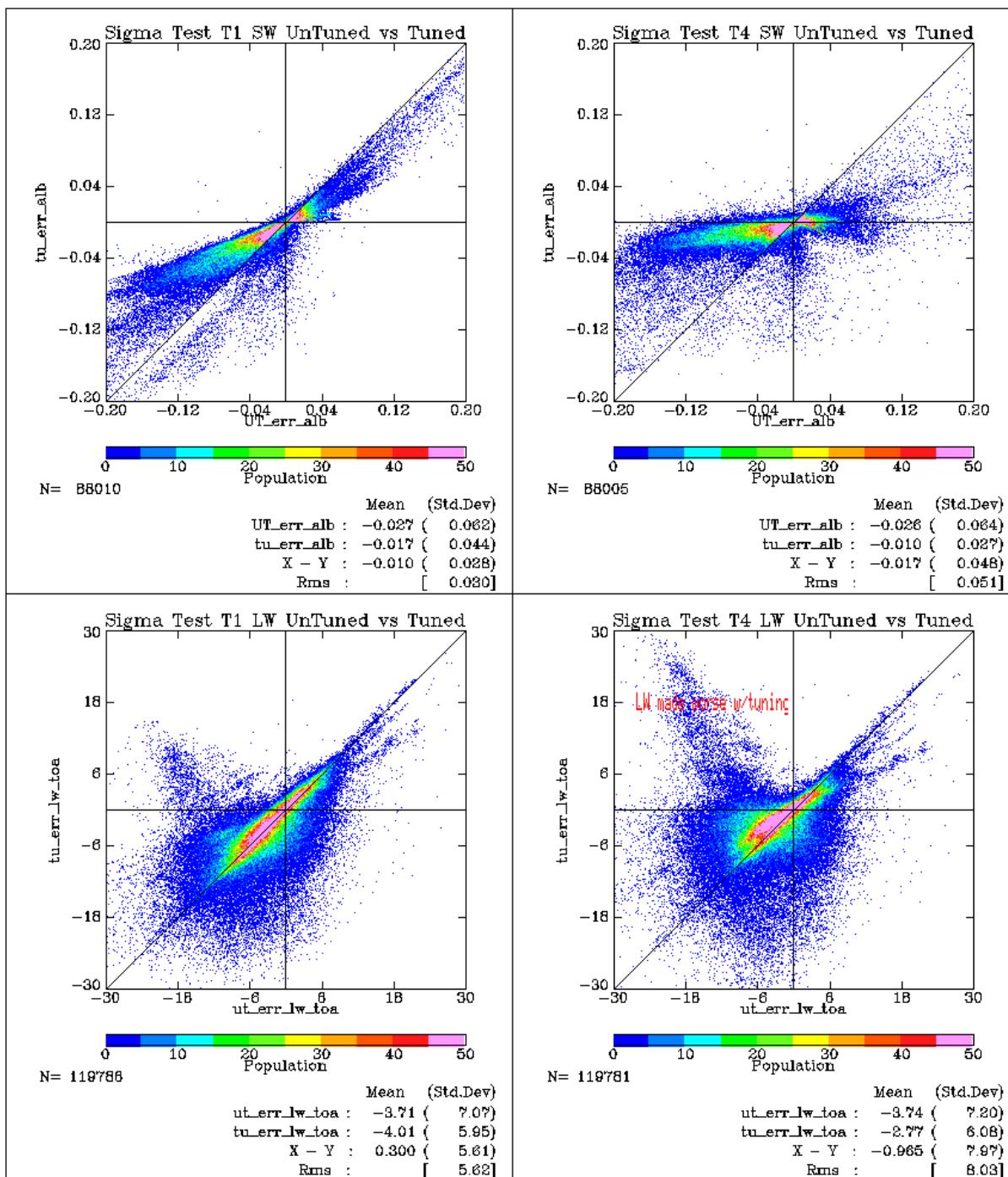
FUDGE Cases 1-2-3 below using  $OLR' = OLR + \exp[(x-175)*0.007]$   
to account for LW emission  $> 2200 \text{ cm}^{-1}$   
and to estimate Kratz's CKD 2.4

Present test junks WN flux and LW radiance but retains tuning  
of window filtered radiance to uncork humidity impacts  
of lower (PW) and upper (UTH) troposphere.

Sophisticated tests (i.e., variable sigmas for clouds) later...

Sigmas below shown only in %

	SW flux	LW flux	WN flux	LW rad.	Flt.	WN rad.
Control	5.0	2.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	
Case 1	5.0	2.0	100.	100.	1.0	
Case 2	3.5	1.5	100.	100.	1.0	
Case 3	2.0	1.0	100.	100.	1.0	



What happens when we tighten tuning?

SigTab-T1 SW sigma 5% (~5wm2) LW sigma 2% (~5wm2) FltWn 1% (~0.2wm-2sr)

id#	DESCRIPTION	AVG	STDDEV	Good#	Case 1
4 ALL	UT OBS-FL ALB TOA	-0.027	0.062	87984	
5 ALL	TU OBS-FL ALB TOA	-0.017	0.044	87984	
9 ALL	UT OBS-FL SW TOA	-8.971	25.136	123995	
10 ALL	TU OBS-FL SW TOA < -- >	-5.582	16.167	123995	
14 ALL	UT OBS-FL LW TOA	-4.046	7.686	123995	
15 ALL	TU OBS-FL LW TOA < -- >	-4.379	8.502	123995	
19 ALL	UT OBS-FL WN TOA	-1.406	3.182	123993	
20 ALL	TU OBS-FL WN TOA	-1.587	2.414	123993	
24 ALL	UT OBS-FL LW RAD	-0.199	2.415	123992	
25 ALL	TU OBS-FL LW RAD	-0.272	2.272	123992	
29 ALL	UT OBS-FL WNfltrRAD	-0.136	0.808	123993	
30 ALL	TU OBS-FL WNfltrRAD	-0.181	0.726	123993	

SigTab-T3 SW sigma 2% (~2wm2) LW sigma 1% (~2.5wm2) FltWn 1% (~0.2wm-2sr)

id#	DESCRIPTION	AVG	STDDEV	Good#	Case 3
4 ALL	UT OBS-FL ALB TOA	-0.027	0.062	87896	
5 ALL	TU OBS-FL ALB TOA	-0.012	0.034	87896	
9 ALL	UT OBS-FL SW TOA	-8.980	25.173	123892	
10 ALL	TU OBS-FL SW TOA < -- >	-4.017	10.572	123892	
14 ALL	UT OBS-FL LW TOA	-4.021	7.588	123892	
15 ALL	TU OBS-FL LW TOA < -- >	-3.563	7.375	123892	
19 ALL	UT OBS-FL WN TOA	-1.396	3.156	123891	
20 ALL	TU OBS-FL WN TOA	-1.255	2.531	123891	
24 ALL	UT OBS-FL LW RAD	-0.189	2.384	123889	
25 ALL	TU OBS-FL LW RAD	-0.034	2.301	123889	
29 ALL	UT OBS-FL WNfltrRAD	-0.134	0.803	123891	
30 ALL	TU OBS-FL WNfltrRAD	-0.116	0.792	123891	

How different were the cloud adjustments?

#### Overcast Cloud Parameter Adjustments

##### SigTab-T1

id#	DESCRIPTION	Avg	StdDev	Good#
325 OVC	ORIG CLDTAU	7.860	7.657	51215
326 OVC	ADJUST CLDTAU	-0.897	1.966	51215
327 OVC	ORIG CLDTEMP	264.055	20.162	51215
328 OVC	ADJUST CLDTEMP	-1.879	3.172	51215
329 OVC	ORIG CLDFRAC	99.691	0.907	51215
330 OVC	ADJUST CLDFRAC	-0.008	0.015	51215

##### Case 1

##### SigTab-T3

id#	DESCRIPTION	Avg	StdDev	Good#	Case 3
325 OVC	ORIG CLDTAU	7.848	7.659	51113	
326 OVC	ADJUST CLDTAU	-1.158	4.644	51113	
327 OVC	ORIG CLDTEMP	264.094	20.158	51113	
328 OVC	ADJUST CLDTEMP	-3.427	4.349	51113	
329 OVC	ORIG CLDFRAC	99.690	0.907	51113	
330 OVC	ADJUST CLDFRAC	-0.012	0.020	51113	